

Shake, Rattle, and Quake!



World - Single Color by FreeVectorMaps.com

The Earth shakes, the windows rattle, and the ground rumbles. It's an earthquake! Earthquakes can be dangerous and destructive. They can destroy buildings, homes, streets, and even mountains.

What causes earthquakes and why do they happen? As you know, the Earth is always moving. It spins on its axis as it orbits around the sun. But did you know that the Earth is moving underneath the surface as well?

The Earth is made up of many layers. The top layer is the crust. This is where we live. The crust is made up of tectonic plates. The Earth is made up of about 12 plates. These fit together like pieces in a jigsaw puzzle.

Shake, Rattle, and Quake!

Under the crust is a layer of magma called the mantle. Magma is a lot like lava that is always moving. It is very hot and would turn to rock if it ever cooled. Magma is always flowing under the crust, which causes the tectonic plates to move a lot like icecaps in the Arctic.



When plates shift, they bump and grind against each other. This causes an earthquake. Some earthquakes are stronger than others. The strongest type is when one plate is shoved beneath another plate. The other juts upward. This is called subduction.

If subduction happens under the ocean, it can cause a tsunami. An underwater earthquake causes big waves. Subduction causes giant waves. The waves are unstoppable. A tsunami like this hit Japan and Indonesia in 2011. It killed thousands of people.

Usually, about 10,000 people die from earthquakes each year. But sometimes, these numbers are much higher. A gigantic earthquake hit Haiti in 2010. It killed more than 300,000 people.

Scientists can measure how strong an earthquake is. They use the Richter scale. The Richter scale goes from 1–10. One is a weak quake. Ten is the strongest and deadliest. No quake in history has reached 10 on the Richter scale.

Scientists cannot predict earthquakes. Earthquakes can happen anytime. But they happen the most where two tectonic plates meet.

